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Topic 1, Volume A

Question No : 1 - (Topic 1)

Which document defines how a project is executed, monitored and controlled, and closed?

- A. Strategic plan
- B. Project charter
- C. Project management plan
- D. Service level agreement

Answer: C

Question No : 2 - (Topic 1)

Which changes occur in risk and uncertainty as well as the cost of changes as the life cycle of a typical project progresses?

- A. Risk and uncertainty increase; the cost of changes increases.
- B. Risk and uncertainty increase; the cost of changes decreases.
- C. Risk and uncertainty decrease; the cost of changes increases.
- D. Risk and uncertainty decrease; the cost of changes decreases.

Answer: C

Question No : 3 - (Topic 1)

Which tool or technique is used in the Plan Scope Management process?

- A. Document analysis
- B. Observations
- C. Product analysis
- D. Expert judgment

Answer: D

Question No : 4 - (Topic 1)

Which tool or technique is an examination of industry and specific vendor capabilities?

- A. Independent estimates
- B. Market research
- C. Analytical techniques
- D. Bidder conferences

Answer: B

Question No : 5 - (Topic 1)

An input used in developing the communications management plan is:

- A. Communication models.
- B. Enterprise environmental factors.
- C. Organizational communications,
- D. Organizational cultures and styles.

Answer: B

Question No : 6 - (Topic 1)

Regression analysis, failure mode and effect analysis (FMEA), fault tree analysis (FTA), and trend analysis are examples of which tool or technique?

- A. Expert judgment
- B. Forecasting methods
- C. Earned value management
- D. Analytical techniques

Answer: D

Question No : 7 - (Topic 1)

The Perform Quality Assurance process occurs in which Process Group?

- A. Executing

-
- B. Monitoring and Controlling
 - C. Initiating
 - D. Planning

Answer: A

Question No : 8 - (Topic 1)

Enterprise environmental factors are an input to which process?

- A. Control Scope
- B. Define Scope
- C. Plan Scope Management
- D. Collect Requirements

Answer: C

Question No : 9 - (Topic 1)

Which process develops options and actions to enhance opportunities and reduce threats to project objectives?

- A. Identify Risks
- B. Control Risks
- C. Plan Risk Management
- D. Plan Risk Responses

Answer: D

Question No : 10 - (Topic 1)

The process of establishing the policies, procedures, and documentation for planning, developing, managing, executing, and controlling the project schedule is known as:

- A. Plan Schedule Management.
- B. Develop Project Charter.
- C. Develop Schedule.

D. Plan Scope Management.

Answer: A

Question No : 11 - (Topic 1)

Which input to the Manage Stakeholder Engagement process is used to document changes that occur during the project?

- A. Issue log
- B. Change log
- C. Expert judgment
- D. Change requests

Answer: B

Question No : 12 - (Topic 1)

An input to the Plan Stakeholder Management process is:

- A. The project charter.
- B. The stakeholder analysis.
- C. A communication management plan.
- D. A stakeholder register.

Answer: D

Question No : 13 - (Topic 1)

An input to the Plan Cost Management process is:

- A. Cost estimates.
- B. Resource calendars,
- C. The project charter,
- D. The risk register.

Answer: C

Question No : 14 - (Topic 1)

A technique used to determine the cause and degree of difference between baseline and actual performance is:

- A. Product analysis.
- B. Variance analysis.
- C. Document analysis,
- D. Decomposition.

Answer: B

Question No : 15 - (Topic 1)

The process of identifying and documenting project roles, responsibilities, required skills, and reporting relationships and creating a staffing management plan is known as:

- A. Develop Project Team.
- B. Manage Project Team.
- C. Acquire Project Team.
- D. Plan Human Resource Management.

Answer: D

Question No : 16 - (Topic 1)

Which type of dependency is legally or contractually required or inherent in the nature of work and often involves physical limitations?

- A. Mandatory
- B. Discretionary
- C. Internal
- D. External

Answer: A

Question No : 17 - (Topic 1)

During which process does a project manager review all prior information to ensure that all project work is completed and that the project has met its objectives?

- A. Monitor and Control Project Work
- B. Perform Quality Assurance
- C. Close Project or Phase
- D. Control Scope

Answer: C

Question No : 18 - (Topic 1)

An input to the Manage Project Team process is:

- A. Work performance reports.
- B. Change requests.
- C. Activity resource requirements.
- D. Enterprise environmental factors.

Answer: A

Question No : 19 - (Topic 1)

Which input provides suppliers with a clear set of goals, requirements, and outcomes?

- A. Procurement statement of work
- B. Purchase order
- C. Source selection criteria
- D. Bidder conference

Answer: A

Question No : 20 - (Topic 1)

A large portion of a projects budget is typically expended on the processes in which

Process Group?

- A. Executing
- B. Planning
- C. Monitoring and Controlling
- D. Closing

Answer: B

Question No : 21 - (Topic 1)

A project manager providing information to the right audience, in the right format, at the right time is an example of which type of communication?

- A. Efficient
- B. Effective
- C. Push
- D. Pull

Answer: B

Question No : 22 - (Topic 1)

Scope, schedule, and cost parameters are integrated in the:

- A. Performance measurement baseline.
- B. Analysis of project forecasts,
- C. Summary of changes approved in a period,
- D. Analysis of past performance.

Answer: A

Question No : 23 - (Topic 1)

A project in which the scope, time, and cost of delivery are determined as early as possible is following a life cycle that is:

-
- A. Adaptive
 - B. Predictive
 - C. Incremental
 - D. Iterative

Answer: B

Question No : 24 - (Topic 1)

What is the schedule performance index (SPI) if the planned value (PV) is \$100, the actual cost (AC) is \$150, and the earned value (EV) is \$50?

- A. 0.50
- B. 0.67
- C. 1.50
- D. 2.00

Answer: A

Question No : 25 - (Topic 1)

Which item is an input to the Define Activities process?

- A. Schedule data
- B. Activity list
- C. Risk register
- D. Scope baseline

Answer: D

Question No : 26 - (Topic 1)

When alternative dispute resolution (ADR) is necessary, which tool or technique should be utilized?

- A. Interactive communication
- B. Claims administration

-
- C. Conflict management
 - D. Performance reporting

Answer: B

Question No : 27 - (Topic 1)

Which quality management and control tool is useful in visualizing parent-to-child relationships in any decomposition hierarchy that uses a systematic set of rules that define a nesting relationship?

- A. Interrelationship digraphs
- B. Tree diagram
- C. Affinity diagram
- D. Network diagram

Answer: B

Question No : 28 - (Topic 1)

The only Process Group that comprises processes that typically occur from the beginning to the end of the project life cycle is:

- A. Planning.
- B. Executing,
- C. Monitoring and Controlling.
- D. Closing.

Answer: C

Question No : 29 - (Topic 1)

Organizational theory is a tool used in which Project Human Resource Management process?

- A. Manage Project Team
- B. Acquire Project Team

-
- C. Develop Project Team
 - D. Plan Human Resource Management

Answer: D

Question No : 30 - (Topic 1)

Which tools or techniques are used in the Plan Schedule Management process?

- A. Benchmarking, expert judgment, and analytical techniques
- B. Statistical sampling, benchmarking, and meetings
- C. Negotiations, pre-assignment, and multi-criteria decision analysis
- D. Expert judgment, analytical techniques, and meetings

Answer: D

Question No : 31 - (Topic 1)

A project manager is appointed full-time to a project and is given full-time administrative staff and full-time project team members. This situation describes which type of organizational structure?

- A. Projectized
- B. Weak matrix
- C. Functional
- D. Balanced matrix

Answer: A

Question No : 32 - (Topic 1)

A project charter is an output of which Process Group?

- A. Executing
- B. Planning
- C. Initiating
- D. Closing

Answer: C

Question No : 33 - (Topic 1)

Which tool or technique is effective in a project in which the deliverable is not a service or result?

- A. Inspection
- B. Variance analysis
- C. Decomposition
- D. Product analysis

Answer: D

Question No : 34 - (Topic 1)

An element of the project scope statement is:

- A. Acceptance criteria.
- B. A stakeholder list.
- C. A summary budget,
- D. High-level risks.

Answer: A

Question No : 35 - (Topic 1)

Which document describes the necessary information to determine if a project is worth the required investment?

- A. Cost baseline
- B. Service level agreement
- C. Memorandum of understanding
- D. Business case

Answer: D

Question No : 36 - (Topic 1)

Which process involves monitoring the status of the project to update the project costs and managing changes to the cost baseline?

- A. Estimate Costs
- B. Control Costs
- C. Determine Budget
- D. Plan Cost Management

Answer: B

Question No : 37 - (Topic 1)

Which group is formally chartered and responsible for reviewing, evaluating, approving, delaying, or rejecting changes to the project and for recording and communicating decisions?

- A. Project team
- B. Focus group
- C. Change control board
- D. Project stakeholders

Answer: C

Question No : 38 - (Topic 1)

Plan Schedule Management is a process in which Knowledge Area?

- A. Project Scope Management
- B. Project Human Resource Management
- C. Project Integration Management
- D. Project Time Management

Answer: D

Question No : 39 - (Topic 1)

An output of the Validate Scope process is:

- A. A requirements traceability matrix.
- B. The scope management plan.
- C. Work performance reports.
- D. Change requests.

Answer: D

Question No : 40 - (Topic 1)

The Perform Integrated Change Control process occurs in which Process Group?

- A. Initiating
- B. Executing
- C. Monitoring and Controlling
- D. Planning

Answer: C

Question No : 41 - (Topic 1)

Which input to the Plan Risk Management process provides information on high-level risks?

- A. Project charter
- B. Enterprise environmental factors
- C. Stakeholder register
- D. Organizational process assets

Answer: A

Question No : 42 - (Topic 1)

Which input may influence quality assurance work and should be monitored within the context of a system for configuration management?

-
- A. Work performance data
 - B. Project documents
 - C. Scope baseline
 - D. Requirements documentation

Answer: B

Question No : 43 - (Topic 1)

Change requests are processed for review and disposition according to which process?

- A. Control Quality
- B. Control Scope
- C. Monitor and Control Project Work
- D. Perform Integrated Change Control

Answer: D

Question No : 44 - (Topic 1)

The review of a seller's progress toward achieving the goals of scope and quality within cost and schedule compared to the contract is known as:

- A. Work performance information.
- B. Inspections and audits.
- C. Payment systems.
- D. Procurement performance reviews.

Answer: D

Question No : 45 - (Topic 1)

The iterative and interactive nature of the Process Groups creates the need for the processes in which Knowledge Area?

- A. Project Communications Management
- B. Project Integration Management

-
- C. Project Risk Management
 - D. Project Scope Management

Answer: B

Question No : 46 - (Topic 1)

Market conditions and published commercial information are examples of which input to the Estimate Costs process?

- A. Scope baseline
- B. Organizational process assets
- C. Enterprise environmental factors
- D. Risk register

Answer: C

Question No : 47 - (Topic 1)

An output of the Develop Project Team process is:

- A. Organizational process assets.
- B. Enterprise environmental factors updates.
- C. Project staff assignments.
- D. Organizational charts and position descriptions.

Answer: B

Question No : 48 - (Topic 1)

The process of confirming human resource availability and obtaining the team necessary to complete project activities is known as:

- A. Plan Human Resource Management.
- B. Acquire Project Team.
- C. Manage Project Team.
- D. Develop Project Team.

Answer: B

Question No : 49 - (Topic 1)

Which item is an example of personnel assessment?

- A. Resource calendar
- B. Tight matrix
- C. Team-building activity
- D. Focus group

Answer: D

Question No : 50 - (Topic 1)

The Plan Stakeholder Management process belongs to which Process Group?

- A. Executing
- B. Initiating
- C. Planning
- D. Monitoring and Controlling

Answer: C

Question No : 51 - (Topic 1)

Which input to the Manage Stakeholder Engagement process provides guidance on how stakeholders can best be involved in a project?

- A. Feedback analysis
- B. Stakeholder analysis
- C. Communication management plan
- D. Stakeholder management plan

Answer: D

Question No : 52 - (Topic 1)

A method of obtaining early feedback on requirements by providing a working model of the expected product before actually building is known as:

- A. Benchmarking.
- B. Context diagrams.
- C. Brainstorming.
- D. Prototyping.

Answer: D

Question No : 53 - (Topic 1)

Which stakeholder classification model groups stakeholders based on their level of authority and their active involvement in the project?

- A. Power/influence grid
- B. Power/interest grid
- C. Influence/impact grid
- D. Salience model

Answer: A

Question No : 54 - (Topic 1)

Which Plan Schedule Management tool or technique may involve choosing strategic options to estimate and schedule the project?

- A. Facilitation techniques
- B. Expert judgment
- C. Analytical techniques
- D. Variance analysis

Answer: C

Question No : 55 - (Topic 1)

Which basic quality tool is most useful when gathering attributes data in an inspection to identify defects?

- A. Control charts
- B. Pareto diagrams
- C. Ishikavva diagrams
- D. Checksheets

Answer: D

Question No : 56 - (Topic 1)

The process of estimating the type and quantity of material, human resources, equipment, or supplies required to perform each activity is known as:

- A. Collect Requirements.
- B. Conduct Procurements.
- C. Estimate Activity Durations.
- D. Estimate Activity Resources.

Answer: D

Question No : 57 - (Topic 1)

Which input to the Identify Stakeholders process provides information about internal or external parties related to the project?

- A. Procurement documents
- B. Communications plan
- C. Project charter
- D. Stakeholder register

Answer: C

Question No : 58 - (Topic 1)

The Identify Stakeholders process is found in which Process Group?

- A. Initiating
- B. Monitoring and Controlling
- C. Planning
- D. Executing

Answer: A

Question No : 59 - (Topic 1)

An input to Develop Project Charter is a/an:

- A. Business case.
- B. Activity list.
- C. Project management plan.
- D. Cost forecast.

Answer: A

Question No : 60 - (Topic 1)

Which item is a formal proposal to modify any document, deliverable, or baseline?

- A. Change request
- B. Requirements documentation
- C. Scope baseline
- D. Risk urgency assessment

Answer: A

Question No : 61 - (Topic 1)

Which process determines the risks that may affect the project and documents their characteristics?

- A. Control Risks

-
- B. Plan Risk Management
 - C. Plan Risk Responses
 - D. Identify Risks

Answer: D

Question No : 62 - (Topic 1)

An example of a group decision-making technique is:

- A. Nominal group technique.
- B. Majority.
- C. Affinity diagram.
- D. Multi-criteria decision analysis.

Answer: B

Question No : 63 - (Topic 1)

A risk response strategy in which the project team shifts the impact of a threat, together with ownership of the response, to a third party is called:

- A. mitigate
- B. accept
- C. transfer
- D. avoid

Answer: C

Question No : 64 - (Topic 1)

An output of the Plan Quality Management process is:

- A. A process improvement plan,
- B. Quality control measurements.
- C. Work performance information,
- D. The project management plan.

Answer: A

Question No : 65 - (Topic 1)

A project manager should document the escalation path for unresolved project risks in the:

- A. Change control plan
- B. Stakeholder register
- C. Risk log
- D. Communications management plan

Answer: D

Question No : 66 - (Topic 1)

Which process in Project Time Management includes reserve analysis as a tool or technique?

- A. Estimate Activity Resources
- B. Sequence Activities
- C. Estimate Activity Durations
- D. Develop Schedule

Answer: C

Question No : 67 - (Topic 1)

Which risk management strategy seeks to eliminate the uncertainty associated with a particular upside risk by ensuring that the opportunity is realized?

- A. Enhance
- B. Share
- C. Exploit
- D. Accept

Answer: C

Question No : 68 - (Topic 1)

Payback period, return on investment, internal rate of return, discounted cash flow, and net present value are all examples of:

- A. Expert judgment.
- B. Analytical techniques.
- C. Earned value management.
- D. Group decision-making techniques.

Answer: B

Question No : 69 - (Topic 1)

The definition of when and how often the risk management processes will be performed throughout the project life cycle is included in which risk management plan component?

- A. Timing
- B. Methodology
- C. Risk categories
- D. Budgeting

Answer: A

Question No : 70 - (Topic 1)

When a backward pass is calculated from a schedule constraint that is later than the early finish date that has been calculated during a forward pass calculation, this causes which type of total float?

- A. Negative
- B. Zero
- C. Positive
- D. Free

Answer: C

Question No : 71 - (Topic 1)

A reward can only be effective if it is:

- A. Given immediately after the project is completed.
- B. Something that is tangible.
- C. Formally given during project performance appraisals.
- D. Satisfying a need valued by the individual.

Answer: D

Question No : 72 - (Topic 1)

Which tool or technique allows a large number of ideas to be classified into groups for review and analysis?

- A. Nominal group technique
- B. Idea/mind mapping
- C. Affinity diagram
- D. Brainstorming

Answer: C

Question No : 73 - (Topic 1)

Using values such as scope, cost, budget, and duration or measures of scale such as size, weight, and complexity from a previous similar project as the basis for estimating the same parameter or measurement for a current project describes which type of estimating?

- A. Bottom-up
- B. Parametric
- C. Analogous
- D. Three-point

Answer: C

Question No : 74 - (Topic 1)

Sending letters, memos, reports, emails, and faxes to share information is an example of

which type of communication?

- A. Direct
- B. Interactive
- C. Pull
- D. Push

Answer: D

Question No : 75 - (Topic 1)

Which earned value management (EVM) metric is a measure of the cost efficiency of budgeted resources expressed as a ratio of earned value (EV) to actual cost (AC) and is considered a critical EVM metric?

- A. Cost variance (CV)
- B. Cost performance index (CPI)
- C. Budget at completion (BAC)
- D. Variance at completion (VAC)

Answer: B

Question No : 76 - (Topic 1)

Which process involves defining, preparing, and coordinating all subsidiary plans and integrating them into a comprehensive plan?

- A. Direct and Manage Project Work
- B. Develop Project Management Plan
- C. Plan Quality Management
- D. Monitor and Control Project Work

Answer: B

Question No : 77 - (Topic 1)

Inputs to the Plan Schedule Management process include:

-
- A. Organizational process assets and the project charter,
 - B. Enterprise environmental factors and schedule tools.
 - C. Time tables and Pareto diagrams.
 - D. Activity attributes and resource calendars.

Answer: A

Question No : 78 - (Topic 1)

A strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (SWOT) analysis is a tool or technique used in which process?

- A. Identify Risks
- B. Control Risks
- C. Perform Quantitative Risk Analysis
- D. Perform Qualitative Risk Analysis

Answer: A

Question No : 79 - (Topic 1)

Which Knowledge Area involves identifying the people, groups, or organizations that may be impacted by or impact a project?

- A. Project Risk Management
- B. Project Human Resource Management
- C. Project Scope Management
- D. Project Stakeholder Management

Answer: D

Question No : 80 - (Topic 1)

Which input to Collect Requirements is used to identify stakeholders who can provide information on requirements?

- A. Stakeholder register

-
- B. Scope management plan
 - C. Stakeholder management plan
 - D. Project charter

Answer: A

Question No : 81 - (Topic 1)

Which process identifies whether the needs of a project can best be met by acquiring products, services, or results outside of the organization?

- A. Plan Procurement Management
- B. Control Procurements
- C. Collect Requirements
- D. Plan Cost Management

Answer: A

Question No : 82 - (Topic 1)

Which tool or technique is used to manage change requests and the resulting decisions?

- A. Change control tools
- B. Expert judgment
- C. Delphi technique
- D. Change log

Answer: A

Question No : 83 - (Topic 1)

The planned work contained in the lowest level of work breakdown structure (WBS) components is known as:

- A. Work packages.
- B. Accepted deliverables.
- C. The WBS dictionary.

D. The scope baseline.

Answer: A

Question No : 84 - (Topic 1)

In which Knowledge Area is the project charter developed?

- A. Project Cost Management
- B. Project Scope Management
- C. Project Time Management
- D. Project Integration Management

Answer: D

Question No : 85 - (Topic 1)

The ability to influence cost is greatest during which stages of the project?

- A. Early
- B. Middle
- C. Late
- D. Completion

Answer: A

Question No : 86 - (Topic 1)

Which process involves developing an approximation of the monetary resources needed to complete project activities?

- A. Estimate Costs
- B. Control Costs
- C. Determine Budget
- D. Plan Cost Management

Answer: A

Question No : 87 - (Topic 1)

Which tool or technique is used in the Develop Project Management Plan process?

- A. Pareto diagram
- B. Performance reporting
- C. SWOT analysis
- D. Expert judgment

Answer: D

Question No : 88 - (Topic 1)

Lessons learned are created and project resources are released in which Process Group?

- A. Planning
- B. Executing
- C. Closing
- D. Initiating

Answer: C

Question No : 89 - (Topic 1)

When should quality planning be performed?

- A. While developing the project charter
- B. In parallel with the other planning processes
- C. As part of a detailed risk analysis
- D. As a separate step from the other planning processes

Answer: B

Question No : 90 - (Topic 1)

A key benefit of the Manage Communications process is that it enables:

- A. The best use of communication methods.
- B. An efficient and effective communication flow.
- C. Project costs to be reduced.
- D. The best use of communication technology.

Answer: B

Question No : 91 - (Topic 1)

The ways in which the roles and responsibilities, reporting relationships, and staffing management will be addressed and structured within a project is described in the:

- A. Human resource management plan.
- B. Activity resource requirements.
- C. Personnel assessment tools,
- D. Multi-criteria decision analysis.

Answer: A

Question No : 92 - (Topic 1)

The process of identifying and documenting relationships among the project activities is known as:

- A. Control Schedule.
- B. Sequence Activities.
- C. Define Activities.
- D. Develop Schedule.

Answer: B

Question No : 93 - (Topic 1)

Conditions that are not under the control of the project team that influence, direct, or constrain a project are called:

-
- A. Enterprise environmental factors
 - B. Work performance reports
 - C. Organizational process assets
 - D. Context diagrams

Answer: A

Question No : 94 - (Topic 1)

The organization's perceived balance between risk taking and risk avoidance is reflected in the risk:

- A. Responses
- B. Appetite
- C. Tolerance
- D. Attitude

Answer: A

Question No : 95 - (Topic 1)

An output of the Manage Stakeholder Engagement process is:

- A. change requests
- B. enterprise environmental factors
- C. the stakeholder management plan
- D. the change log

Answer: A

Question No : 96 - (Topic 1)

Which process numerically analyzes the effect of identified risks on overall project objectives?

- A. Plan Risk Management
- B. Plan Risk Responses

-
- C. Perform Quantitative Risk Analysis
 - D. Perform Qualitative Risk Analysis

Answer: C

Question No : 97 - (Topic 1)

An input to the Plan Procurement Management process is:

- A. Source selection criteria.
- B. Market research.
- C. A stakeholder register.
- D. A records management system.

Answer: C

Question No : 98 - (Topic 1)

Reserve analysis is a tool and technique used in which process?

- A. Plan Risk Management
- B. Plan Risk Responses
- C. Identify Risks
- D. Control Risks

Answer: D

Question No : 99 - (Topic 1)

Updates to organizational process assets such as procurement files, deliverable acceptances, and lessons learned documentation are typical outputs of which process?

- A. Close Project or Phase
- B. Conduct Procurements
- C. Control Procurements
- D. Close Procurements

Answer: D

Question No : 100 - (Topic 1)

Risk categorization is a tool or technique used in which process?

- A. Plan Risk Responses
- B. Plan Risk Management
- C. Perform Qualitative Risk Analysis
- D. Perform Quantitative Risk Analysis

Answer: C

Question No : 101 - (Topic 1)

A regression line is used to estimate:

- A. Whether or not a process is stable or has predictable performance.
- B. How a change to the independent variable influences the value of the dependent variable.
- C. The upper and lower specification limits on a control chart.
- D. The central tendency, dispersion, and shape of a statistical distribution.

Answer: B

Question No : 102 - (Topic 1)

An input to Conduct Procurements is:

- A. Independent estimates.
- B. Selected sellers.
- C. Seller proposals.
- D. Resource calendars.

Answer: C

Question No : 103 - (Topic 1)

What are the Project Procurement Management processes?

- A. Conduct Procurements, Control Procurements, Integrate Procurements, and Close Procurements
- B. Estimate Procurements, Integrate Procurements, Control Procurements, and Validate Procurements
- C. Plan Procurement Management, Conduct Procurements, Control Procurements, and Close Procurements
- D. Plan Procurement Management, Perform Procurements, Control Procurements, and Validate Procurements

Answer: C

Question No : 104 - (Topic 1)

Which tool or technique is used to develop the human resource management plan?

- A. Ground rules
- B. Expert judgment
- C. Team-building activities
- D. Interpersonal skills

Answer: B

Question No : 105 - (Topic 1)

Processes in the Planning Process Group are typically carried out during which part of the project life cycle?

- A. Only once, at the beginning
- B. At the beginning and the end
- C. Once during each phase
- D. Repeatedly

Answer: D

Question No : 106 - (Topic 1)

The basis of identification for current or potential problems to support later claims or new procurements is provided by:

- A. A risk urgency assessment.
- B. The scope baseline.
- C. Work performance information.
- D. Procurement audits.

Answer: C

Question No : 107 - (Topic 1)

Which Collect Requirements output links the product requirements to the deliverables that satisfy them?

- A. Requirements documentation
- B. Requirements traceability matrix
- C. Project management plan updates
- D. Project documents updates

Answer: B

Question No : 108 - (Topic 1)

Units of measure, level of precision, level of accuracy, control thresholds, and rules of performance measurement are examples of items that are established in the:

- A. Cost management plan.
- B. Work performance information.
- C. Quality management plan.
- D. Work breakdown structure.

Answer: A

Question No : 109 - (Topic 1)

Which type of dependency is established based on knowledge of best practices within a particular application area or some unusual aspect of the project in which a specific sequence is desired, even though there may be other acceptable sequences?

- A. External
- B. Internal
- C. Mandatory
- D. Discretionary

Answer: D

Question No : 110 - (Topic 1)

Sensitivity analysis is typically displayed as a/an:

- A. Decision tree diagram.
- B. Tornado diagram.
- C. Pareto diagram.
- D. Ishikawa diagram.

Answer: B

Question No : 111 - (Topic 1)

The Monitoring and Controlling Process Group includes processes that:

- A. Establish the scope, objectives, and course of action of a project,
- B. Define a new project or a new phase of an existing project.
- C. Track, review, and regulate the progress and performance of a project.
- D. Complete the work defined in the project management plan.

Answer: C

Question No : 112 - (Topic 1)

Which Control Quality tool is also known as an arrow diagram?

- A. Matrix diagram
- B. Affinity diagram
- C. Tree diagram
- D. Activity network diagram

Answer: D

Question No : 113 - (Topic 1)

A project manager builds consensus and overcomes obstacles by employing which communication technique?

- A. Listening
- B. Facilitation
- C. Meeting management
- D. Presentation

Answer: B

Question No : 114 - (Topic 1)

When does the project team determine which dependencies are discretionary?

- A. Before the Define Activities process
- B. During the Define Activities process
- C. Before the Sequence Activities process
- D. During the Sequence Activities process

Answer: D

Question No : 115 - (Topic 1)

Typical outcomes of a project include:

- A. Products, services, and improvements.

-
- B. Products, programs, and services.
 - C. Improvements, portfolios, and services.
 - D. Improvements, processes, and products.

Answer: A

Question No : 116 - (Topic 1)

Which grid shows which resources are tied to work packages?

- A. Work breakdown structure (WBS)
- B. Responsibility assignment matrix (RAM)
- C. Project assignment chart
- D. Personnel assignment matrix

Answer: B

Question No : 117 - (Topic 1)

The iterative process of increasing the level of detail in a project management plan as greater amounts of information become available is known as:

- A. Continuous improvement.
- B. Predictive planning.
- C. Progressive elaboration.
- D. Quality assurance.

Answer: C

Question No : 118 - (Topic 1)

An effective technique for resolving conflict that incorporates multiple viewpoints from differing perspectives to achieve consensus and commitment is:

- A. smooth/accommodate.
- B. force/direct,
- C. collaborate/problem solve,

D. compromise/reconcile.

Answer: C

Question No : 119 - (Topic 1)

A temporary endeavor that creates a unique product or service is called a:

- A. Project
- B. Plan
- C. Program
- D. Portfolio

Answer: A

Question No : 120 - (Topic 1)

Status of deliverables, implementation status for change requests, and forecasted estimates to complete are examples of:

- A. Earned value management.
- B. Enterprise environmental factors.
- C. Organizational process assets.
- D. Work performance information.

Answer: D

Question No : 121 - (Topic 1)

Which item is an output of Plan Quality Management and an input to Perform Quality Assurance?

- A. Organizational process updates
- B. Quality metrics
- C. Change requests
- D. Quality control measurements

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