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QUESTION 1

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has the DHCP Server and the Windows Deployment Service server roles installed.

Server1 is located on the same subnet as client computers.

You need to ensure that clients can perform a PXE boot from Server1.

Which two IPv4 options should you configure in DHCP? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

A. 003 Router

B. 066 Boot Server Host Name

C. 015 DNS Domain Name

D. 006 DNS Servers

E. 060 Option 60

Correct Answer: BE

QUESTION 2

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this sections, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a member server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016 and has the DNS Server role installed. Automatic scavenging of state records is

enabled and the scavenging period is set to 10 days.

All client computers dynamically register their names in the contoso.com DNS zone on Server1.

You discover that the names of multiple client computers that were removed from the network several weeks ago can still be resolved.

You need to configure Server1 to automatically remove the records of the client computers that have been offline for more than 10 days.

Solution: You set the Expires after value of the zone.
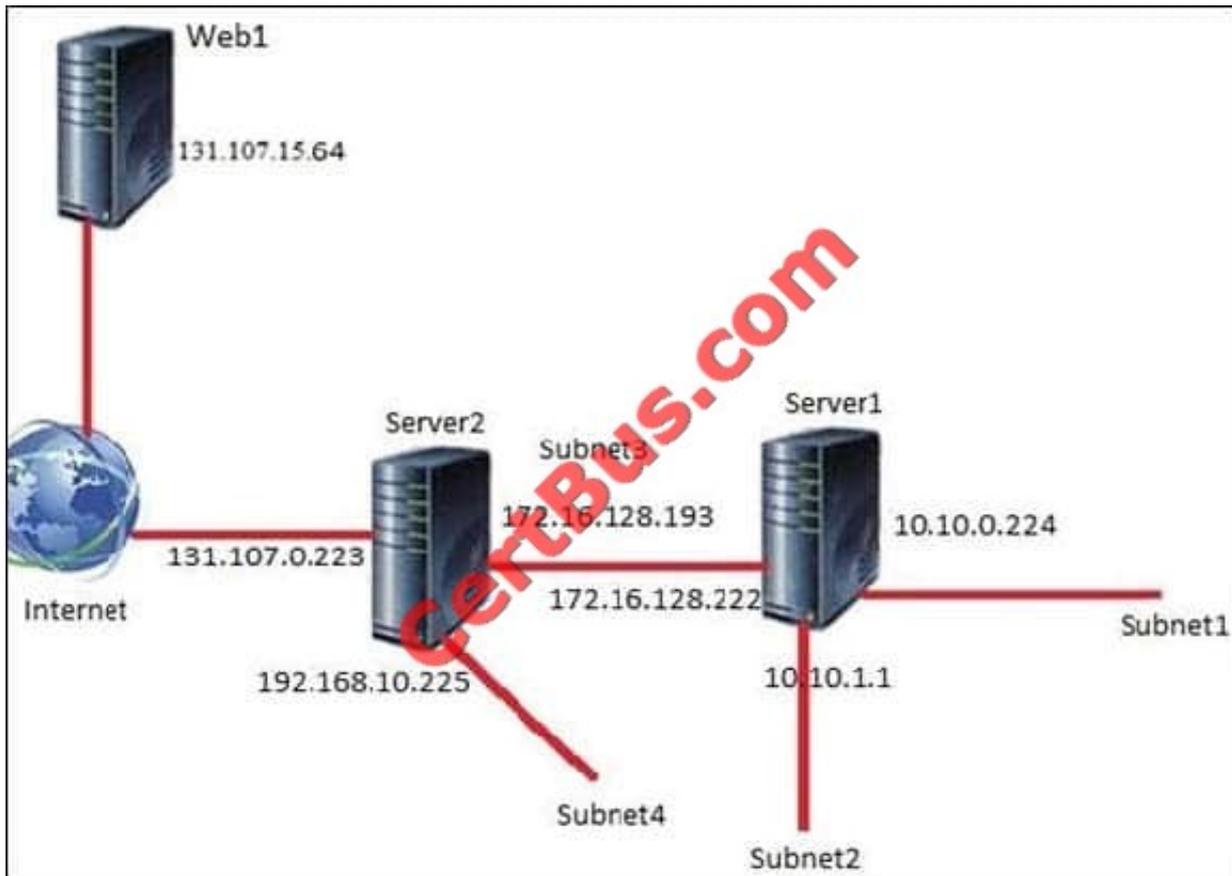
Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc772069(v=ws.11).aspx

QUESTION 3

Scenario:

You are a network administrator for a company named Contoso,Ltd. The network is configured as shown in the exhibit.

You install the Remote Access server role on Server2.

Server2 has the following configured.

*Network address translation (NAT)

*The DHCP Server server role

The Security Policy of Contoso states that only TCP ports 80 and 443 are allowed from the internet to server2

You identify the following requirements:

*

 Add 28 devices to subnet2 for a temporary project.

*

 Configure Server2 to accept VPN connections from the internet.

*

 Ensure that devices on Subnet2 obtain TCP/IP settings from DHCP on Server2.

End of Scenario:

You add a computer to subnet1. The computer has an IP address of 10.10.0.129 Web1 receives a request from the new computer and sends a response.

What should you do?

A.

10.10.0.129

B.

10.10.0.224

C.

131.107.0.223

D.

172.16.128.222

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series.

Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

Your network contains Windows and non-Windows devices.

You have a DHCP server named Server1 that has an IPv4 scope named Scope1.

You need to prevent a client computer that uses the same name as an existing registration from updating the registration.

What should you do?

A. From the properties of Scope1, modify the Conflict detection attempts setting.

B. From the properties of Scope1, configure Name Protection.

C. From the properties of IPv4, configure the bindings.

D. From IPv4, create a new filter.

E. From the properties of Scope1, create an exclusion range.

F. From IPv4 run the DHCP Policy Configuration Wizard.

G. From Control Panel, modify the properties of Ethernet.

H. From Scope1, create a reservation.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

You have Hyper-V host named Server1.

Server1 has a network adapter that has virtual machine queue (VMQ) enabled. The network adapter connects at 10 Gbps and has an IPv4 address.

Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1. VM1 has a single network adapter and four processors.

You need to distribute the network processing load across the VM1 processors.

What should you do?

A. From Device Manager on Server1, configure TCP Checksum Offload (IPv4).

B. From Device Manager on VM1, configure TCP Checksum Offload (IPv4).

C. From Device Manager on VM1, configure Receive Side Scaling.

D. From Windows PowerShell on Server1, run the Enable-NetAdapterRSS cmdlet.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 6

You have an IP Address Management (IPAM) server named IPAM1 that runs Window Server 2016. IPAM1 manages all of the DHCP servers on your network.

You are troubleshooting an issue for a client that fails to receive an IP address from DHCP.

You need to ensure that from IPAM1, you can view all of the event data for the DHCP leases from the last 24 hours.

Solution: From Server Manager, you run Retrieve Event Catalog Data.
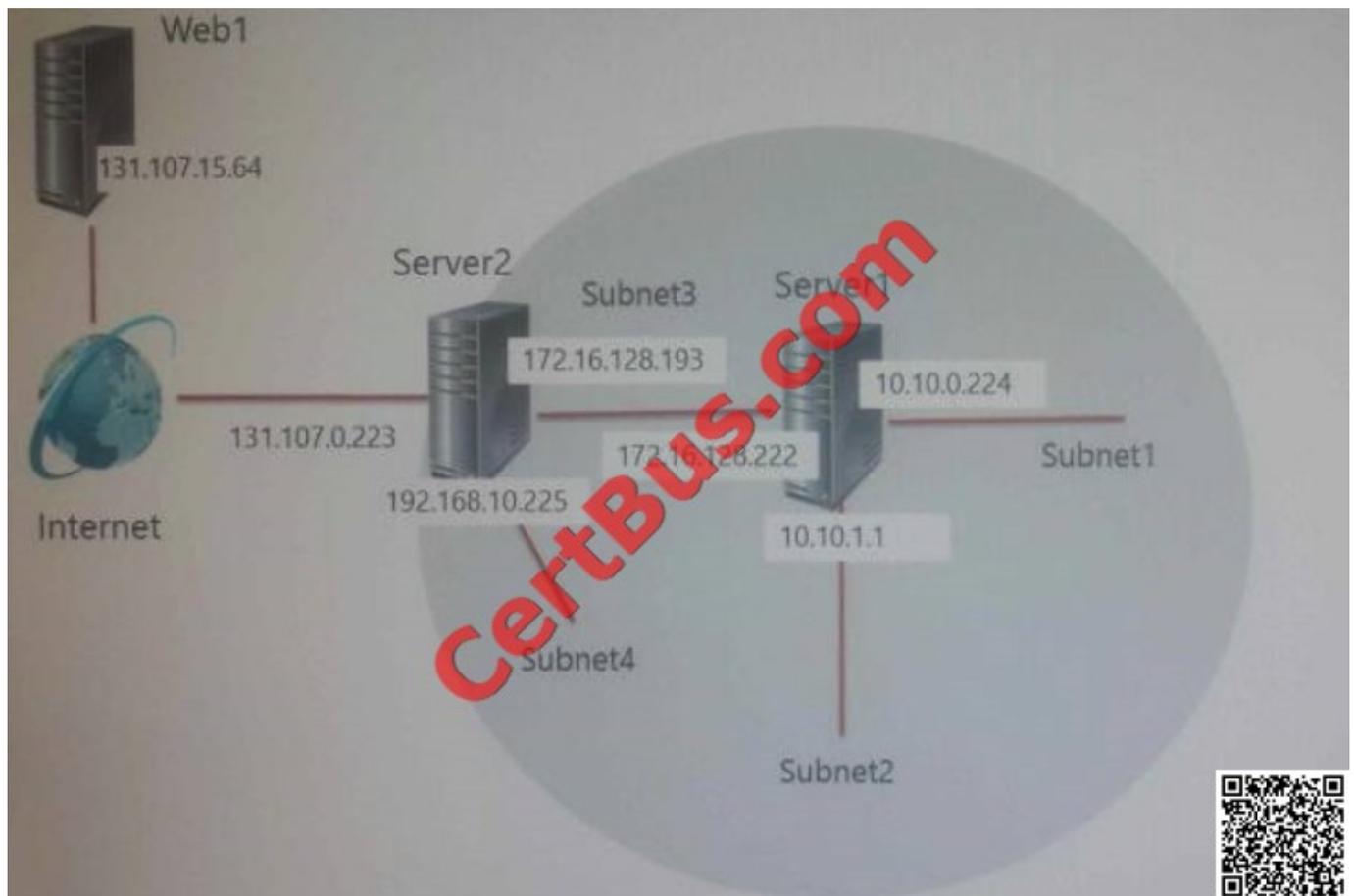
Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: A

References: http://www.techblogopedia.com/blog/ip-address-managementipam-windows-server-2012-r2-part-3/

QUESTION 7

Scenario:

You are a network administrator for a company named Contoso,Ltd. The network is configured as shown in the exhibit.

You install the Remote Access server role on Server2.

Server2 has the following configured.

*Network address translation (NAT)

*The DHCP Server server role

The Security Policy of Contoso states that only TCP ports 80 and 443 are allowed from the internet to server2

You identify the following requirements:

*

Add 28 devices to subnet2 for a temporary project.

*

Configure Server2 to accept VPN connections from the internet.

*

Ensure that devices on Subnet2 obtain TCP/IP settings from DHCP on Server2.

End of Scenario:

You add a computer to subnet1. The computer has an IP address of 10.10.0.129

Web1 receives a request from the new computer and sends a response.

What should you do?

A.

10.10.0.129

B.

10.10.0.224

C.

131.107.0.223

D.

172.16.128.222

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 8

You are deploying a small network that has 30 client computers. The network uses the 192.168.1.0/24 address space. All computers obtain IP configurations from a DHCP server named Server1. You install a server named Server2 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server2 has two network adapters named internal and Internet. Internet connects to an Internet service provider (ISP) and obtains the 131.107.0.10 IP address. Internal connects to the internal network and is configured to use the 192.168.1.250 IP address.

You need to provide Internet connectivity for the client computers.

What should you do?

A. On Server2 run The New-NetNat -Name NAT1 -InternallPlnterfaceAddressPrefix 192.168.1.0/24 cmdlet. Configure Server1 to provide the 003 Router option of 192.168.1.250.

B. On Server2 run the New-NetNat -Name NAT1 -InternallPlnterfaceAddressPrefix 192.168.1.0/24 cmdlet. Configure Server1 to provide the 003 Router option of 131.107.0.10.

C. On Server1, stop the DHCP server. On the Internet network adapter on Server2, enable Internet Connection Sharing

(ICS).

D. Recreate the DHCP scope on Server1 to lease addresses from the 131.107.0.0/24 address space. On Server2, change the IP address of the internal network adapter to 131.107.0. 1. Configure Server 1 to provide the 003 Router option of

131.107.0. 1.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 9

You have a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016, VM1 hosts a service that requires high network throughput.

VM1 has a virtual network adapter that connects to a Hyper-V switch named vSwitch1. vSwitch1 has one network adapter. The network adapter supports Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA), the single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV)

interface, Quality of Service? (QoS), and Receive Side Scaling (RSS). You need to ensure that the traffic from VM1 can be processed by multiple networking processors.

Which Windows PowerShell command should you run on the host of VM1?

A. Set-NetAdapterRss

B. Set-NetAdapterRdma

C. Set-NetAdapterQos

D. Set-NetAdapterSriov

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 10

Your network contains an Active directory forest named contoso.com. The forest has a Distributed File System (DFS) namespace named \\contoso.com\namespace1.

The domain contains a file server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You create a folder named Folder1 on Server1.

You need to use Folder1 as a target for Namespace1.

Which two cmdlets should you use? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. New-DfsnFolderTarget

B. Install-WindowsFeature

C. Grant-DfsnAccess

D. New-DfsnFolder

E. New-SmbShare

Correct Answer: AC

References: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/dfsn/new-dfsnfoldertarget?view=win10-ps
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/dfsn/grant-dfsnaccess?view=win10-ps

QUESTION 11

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while

others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this sections, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a DHCP server named Server2 than runs Windows Server 2016.

Users report that their client computers fail to obtain an IP address.

You open the DHCP console as shown in the Exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)
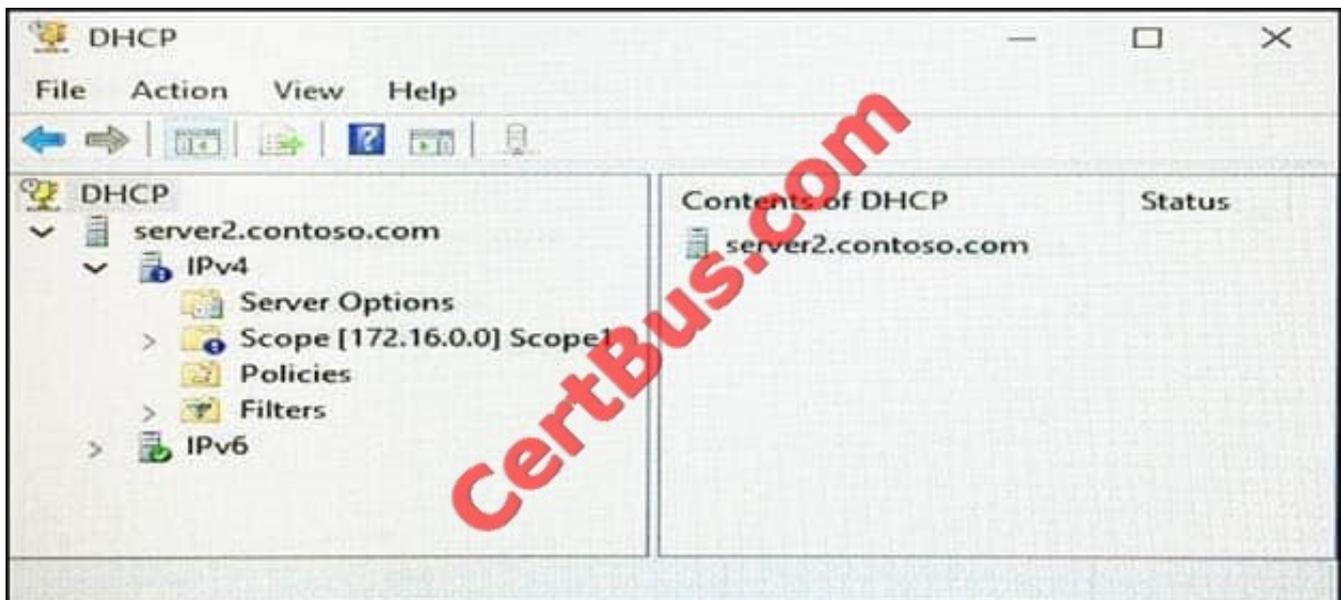
Scope1 has an address range of 172.16.0.10 to 172.16.0.100 and a prefix length of 23 bits.

You need to ensure that all of the client computers on the network can obtain an IP address from Server2.

Solution: You run the Repair-DhcpServerv4IPRecord cmdlet.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

https://technet.microsoft.com/itpro/powershell/windows/dhcp-server/set-dhcpserverv4scope

QUESTION 12

A company named Contoso, Ltd has five Hyper-V hosts that are configured as shown in the following table.

Hyper-V host name	Configuration
Server1	Windows Server 2012 R2 and an Intel Xeon E7 processor
Server2	Windows Server 2012 R2 and an Intel i7 processor
Server3	Windows Server 2016 and an Intel i7 processor
Server4	Windows Server 2016 and an AMD Opteron processor
Server5	Windows Server 2016 and an Intel Xeon E7 processor

What are two valid live migration scenarios for virtual machines in your environment?

A. from Sever1 to server5

B. from Server4 to Server 5

C. from Server2 to Server3

D. from Server3 to Server4

Correct Answer: AC

QUESTION 13

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016 and is configured as a domain controller.

You install the DNS Server server role on Server1.

You plan to store a DNS zone in a custom Active Directory partition.

You need to create a new Active Directory partition for the zone.

What should you use?

A. Set-DnsServer

B. Active Directory Sites and Services

C. Dns.exe

D. Dnscmd.exe

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 14

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 is a Hyper-V host that hosts a virtual machine named VM1.

Server1 has three network adapter cards that are connected to virtual switches named vSwitch1, vSwitch2 and vSwitch3.

You configure NIC Teaming on VM1 as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)
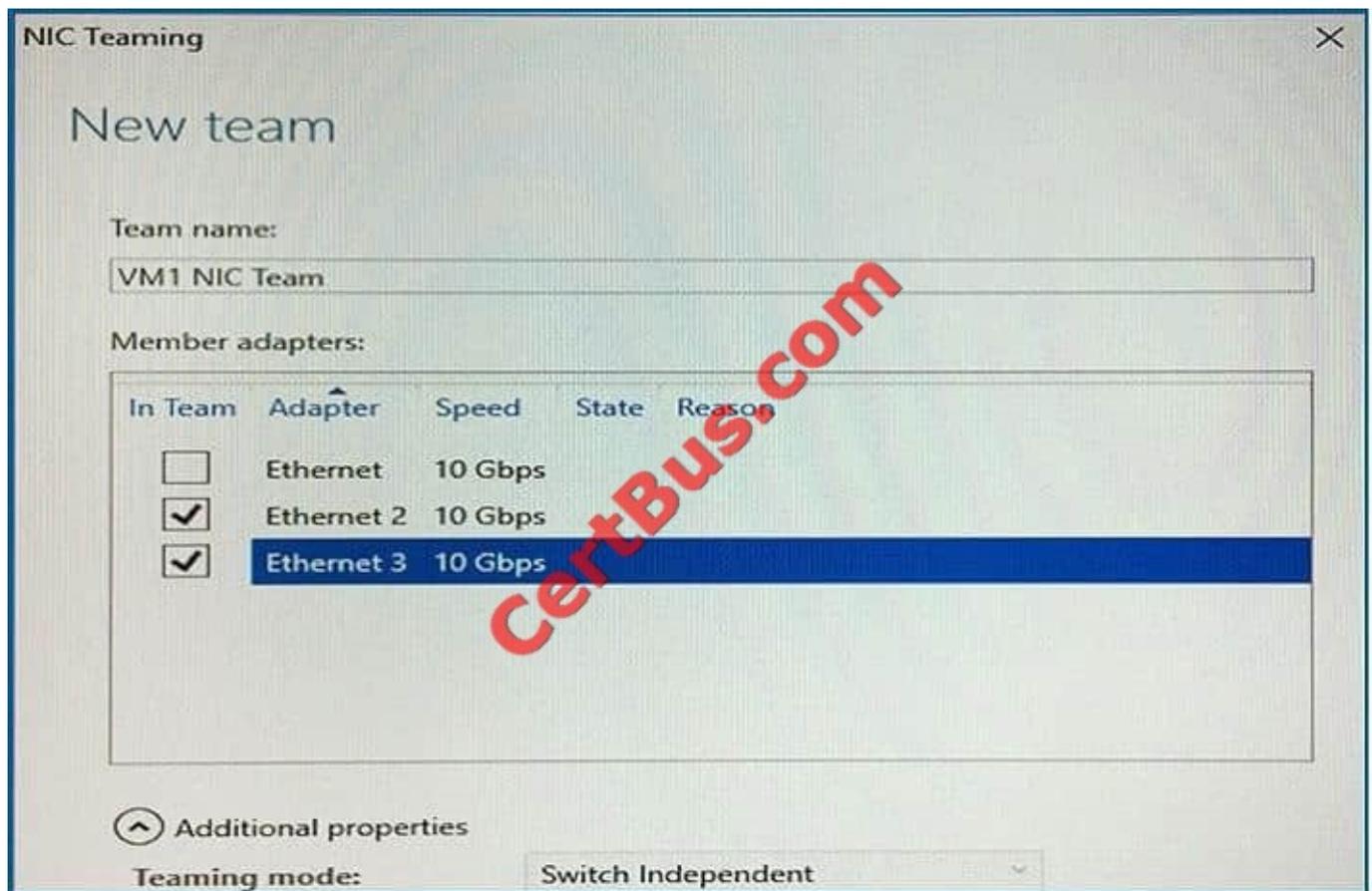
You need to ensure that VM1 will retain access to the network if a physical network adapter card fails on Server1. What should you do?

A. From Windows PowerShell on VM1, run the Set-VmNetworkAdapterTeamMapping cmdlet.

B. From Windows PowerShell on Server1, run the Set-VmNetworkAdapter cmdlet.

C. From Windows PowerShell on Server1, run the Set-VmSwitch cmdlet.

D. From Windows PowerShell on Server1, run the Set-VmNetworkAdapterFailoverConfiguration cmdlet

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 15

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this sections, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a member server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016 and has the DNS Server role installed. Automatic scavenging of state records is

enabled and the scavenging period is set to 10 days.

All client computers dynamically register their names in the contoso.com DNS zone on Server1.

You discover that the names of multiple client computers that were removed from the network several weeks ago can still be resolved.

You need to configure Server1 to automatically remove the records of the client computers that have been offline for more than 10 days.

Solution: You set the Time to live (TTL) value of all of the records in the zone.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc958972.aspx

QUESTION 16

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 is a Hyper-V host that hosts a virtual machine named VM1.

Server1 has three network adapter cards that are connected to virtual switches named vSwitch1, vSwitch2 and vSwitch3.

You configure NIC Teaming on VM1 as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)
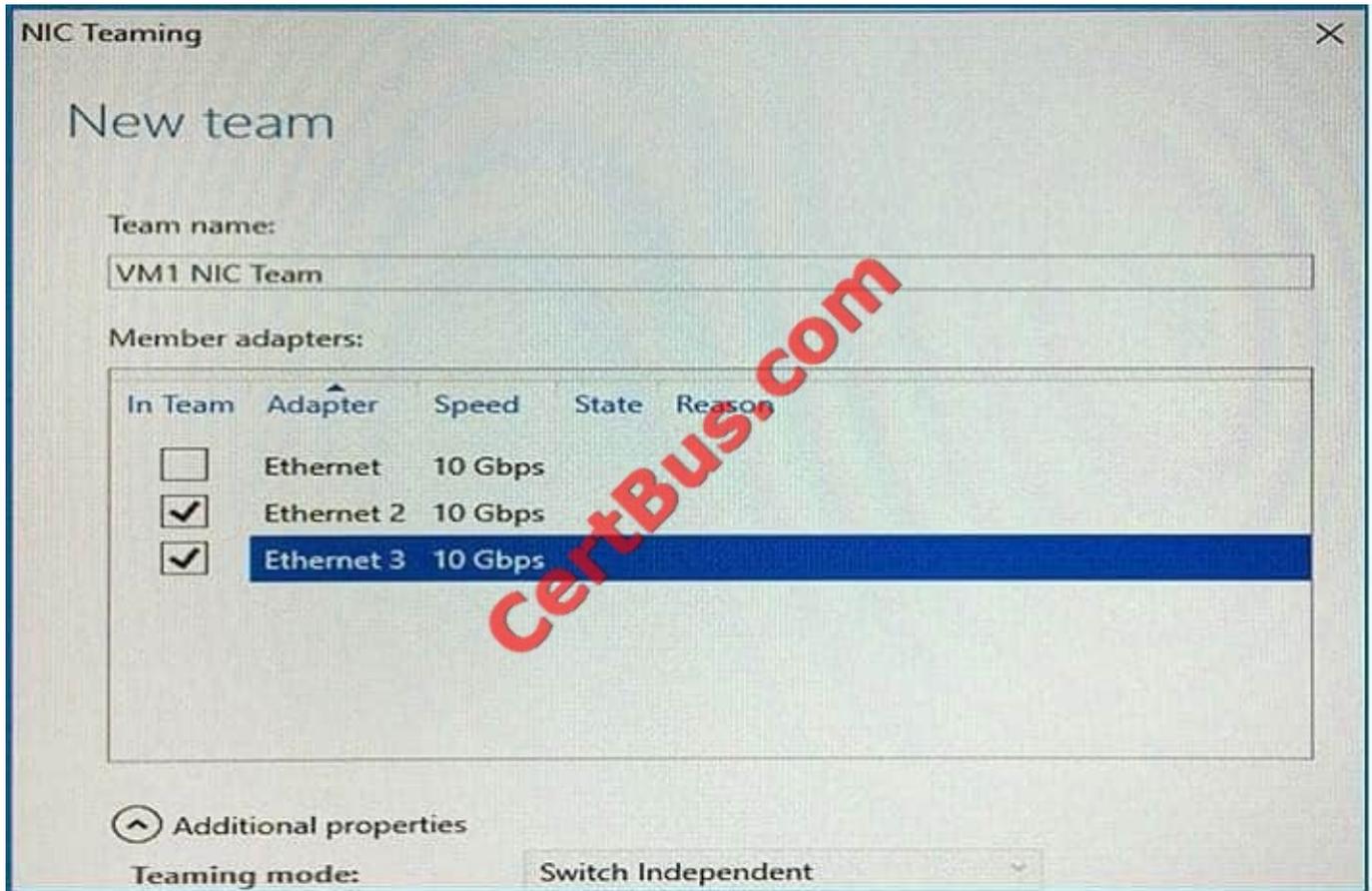
You need to ensure that VM1 will retain access to the network if a physical network adapter card fails on Server1. What should you do?

A. From Windows PowerShell on VM1, run the Set-VmNetworkAdapterTeamMapping cmdlet.

B. From Windows PowerShell on Server1, run Set-VmNetworkAdapter cmdlet.

C. From Windows PowerShell on Server1, run the Set-VmNetworkAdapterFailoverConfiguration cmdlet.

D. From the properties of the NIC team on VM1, add the adapter named Ethernet to the NIC team.

Correct Answer: B

References: https://www.techsupportpk.com/2017/01/nic-teaming-in-hyper-v-on-windows-server-2016.html

QUESTION 17

Your company has two main offices. The offices are located in London and Seattle. All servers run Windows Server 2016.

In the Seattle office, you have a Distributed File System (DFS) server named FS1. FS1 has a folder named Folder1 that contains large Windows image files.

In the London office, you deploy a DFS server named FS2, and you then replicate Folder1 to FS2.

After several days, you discover that the replication of certain files failed to complete.

You need to ensure that all of the files in Folder1 can replicate to FS2.

What should you do?

A. Modify the disk quota of the drive that contains Folder1.

B. From a command prompt, run dfsutil /purgemupcache.

C. Create a quota for Folder1 by using File Server Resource Manager (FSRM).

D. Modify the size of staging area of Folder1.

Correct Answer: C

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh831487(v=ws.11).aspx

QUESTION 18

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while

others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this sections, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that has the Network Policy and Access Services server role installed.

You create a Shared Secret Network Policy Server (NPS) template named Template1.

You need to view the shared secret string used for Template1.

Solution: From Windows PowerShell, you run Get-NpsSharedSecretTemplate -Name Template1 .

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 19

You have two Hyper-V hosts named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016. Server1 and Server2 are connected to the same network.

On Server1 and Server2, you create an external network switch named Switch1.

You have the virtual machine shown in the following table.

Virtual machine name	IP address	Subnet mask	Hyper-V host
VM1	192.168.1.16	255.255.255.0	Server1
VM2	192.168.1.32	255.255.255.0	Server2
VM3	192.168.1.48	255.255.255.0	Server2

All three virtual machines are connected to Switch1.

You need to prevent applications in VM3 from being able to capture network traffic from VM1 or VM2. The solution must ensure that VM1 retains network connectivity.

What should you do?

A. Configure network virtualization for VM1 and VM2.

B. Modify the subnet mask of VM1 and VM2.

C. On Server2, configure the VLAN ID setting of Switch1.

D. On Server2, create an external switch and connect VM3 to the switch.

Correct Answer: A

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/networking/2016/10/26/network-virtualization-with-ws2016-sdn/

QUESTION 20

You have a DHCP server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You have a single IP subnet.

Server1 has an IPv4 scope named Scope1. Scope1 has an IP address range of 10.0.1.10 to 10.0.1.200 and a length of 24 bits.

You need to create a second logical IP network on the subnet. The subnet will use an IP address range of 10.0.2.10 to 10.0.2.200 and a length of 24 bits.

What should you do?

A. Create a second scope, and then create a superscope.

B. Create a superscope, and then configure an exclusion range in Scope1.

C. Create a new scope, and then modify the IPv4 bindings.

D. Create a second scope, and then run the DHCP Split-Scope Configuration Wizard.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 21

You are implementing a secure network. The network contains a DHCP server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You create a DHCP allow filter that contains all of the computers on the network that are authorized to receive IP addresses.

You discover that unauthorized computers can receive an IP address from Server1.

You need to ensure that only authorized computers can receive an IP address from Server1.

Solution: You run the following command.

Set-DhcpServerv4FilterList -ComputerName Server1 -Allow False -Deny True

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

References: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/dhcpserver/add-dhcpserverv4filter?view=win10-ps

QUESTION 22

Your company has 5,000 users who work remotely.

You have 40 VPN servers that host the remote connections for the users.

You plan to deploy a RADIUS solution that contains five RADIUS servers.

You need to ensure that client authentication requests are distributed evenly between the five RADIUS servers.

What should you do?

A. Install the Network Load Balancing role service on all of the RADIUS server. Configure all of the RADIUS clients to connect to a virtual IP address.

B. Deploy RAS Gateway to a new server. Configure all of the RADIUS clients to connect to RAS Gateway.

C. Install the Failover Clustering role service on all of the RADIUS servers. Configure all of the RADIUS clients to connect to the IP address of the cluster.

D. Deploy a RADIUS proxy to a new server. Configure all of the RADIUS clients to connect to the RADIUS proxy.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 23

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains

a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while

others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this sections, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com

You need to create a Nano Server image named Nano1 that will be used as a virtualization host. The windows server 2016 source files are located in drive D.

Solution: You run the following cmdlet.

New-NanoServerImage -Edition Datacenter -DeploymentType Host -Package

Microsoft-NanoServerCompute-Package -MediaPath `D:\\\' -TargetPath

C:\Nano1\Nano1.wim -ComputerName Nano1 -DomainName Contoso.com

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. NO

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 24

You have an Active Directory forest that contains 30 servers and 6,000 Client computers. You deploy a new DHCP server that runs Windows Server 2016. You need to retrieve the list of the authorized DHCP servers. Which command should you run?

A. Get-DHCPServerDatabase

B. Netstat -p IP -s -a

C. Get-DHCPServerInDc

D. Show-ADAuthenticationPolicyExpression -AllowedToAuthenticateTo

Correct Answer: C

To get all authorized DHCP servers in Active Directory, you can use the following PowerShell cmdlet: Get-DhcpServerinDC

QUESTION 25

Your network contains multiple wireless access points (WAPs) that use WPA2-Personal authentication. The network contains an enterprise root certification authority (CA).

The security administrator at your company plans to implement WPA2-Enterprise authentication on the WAPs.

To support the authentication change, you deploy a server that has Network Policy Server (NPS) installed.

You need to configure NPS to authenticate the wireless clients.

What should you do on the NPS server?

A. Add RADIUS clients and configure network policies.

B. Create a remote RADIUS server group and configure connection request policies.

C. Create a remote RADIUS server group and install a server certificate.

D. Add RADIUS clients and configure connection request policies.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 26

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while

others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this sections, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com

You need to create a Nano Server image named Nano1 that will be used as a virtualization host. The windows server 2016 source files are located in drive D.
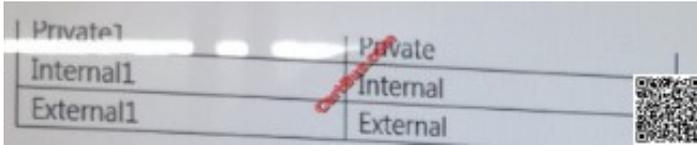
Solution: You run the following cmdlet.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. NO

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 27

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Refer to exhibit:

Server1 has two virtual machines named VM1 and VM that run Windows Server 2016. VM1 connects to Private VM2 has two network adapters.

You need to ensure that VM1 connects to the corporate network by using NAT.

Solution: You connect VM2 to private1 and External1. You run the New-NetNatIpAddress and the New-NetNat cmdlets on VM2. You configure VM1 to use VM2 as the default gateway.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 28

Your network contains an Active Directory forest. The forest contains a domain named contoso.com.

All of the DHCP servers and the DNS servers in the forest are managed by using an IP Address Management (IPAM) server named Cont-IPAM1.

You acquire a new company that has an Active Directory forest. The forest contains a domain named fabrikam.com.

You have six servers that are configured as shown in the following table.

Server name	Forest	Operating system	Configuration
Cont_IPAM1	Contoso.com	Windows Server 2012 R2	IPAM
Cont_DNS1	Contoso.com	Windows Server 2016	DNS
Cont_DNS2	Contoso.com	Windows Server 2016	DNS
Cont_DHCP1	Contoso.com	Windows Server 2016	DHCP
Fabr_DNS1	Fabrikam.com	Windows Server 2012 R2	DNS
Fabr_DHCP1	Fabrikam.com	Windows Server 2012 R2	DHCP

You need to ensure that all of the DHCP and DNS servers in both of the forests can be managed by using Cont_IPAM1. The solution must use the principle of least privileges. Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

A. Upgrade Fabr_DNS1 to Windows Server 2016.

B. Upgrade Fabr_DHCP1 to Windows Server 2016.

C. Create an outgoing forest trust from contoso.com to fabrikam.com.

D. Upgrade Cont_IPAM1 to Windows Server 2016.

E. Create a two-way forest trust between contoso.com and fabrikam.com

Correct Answer: DE

QUESTION 29

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while

others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this sections, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a DHCP server named Server1. All client computers run Windows 10 and are configured as DHCP clients.

Your helpdesk received calls today from users who failed to access the network from their Windows 10 computer.

You open the DHCP console as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)
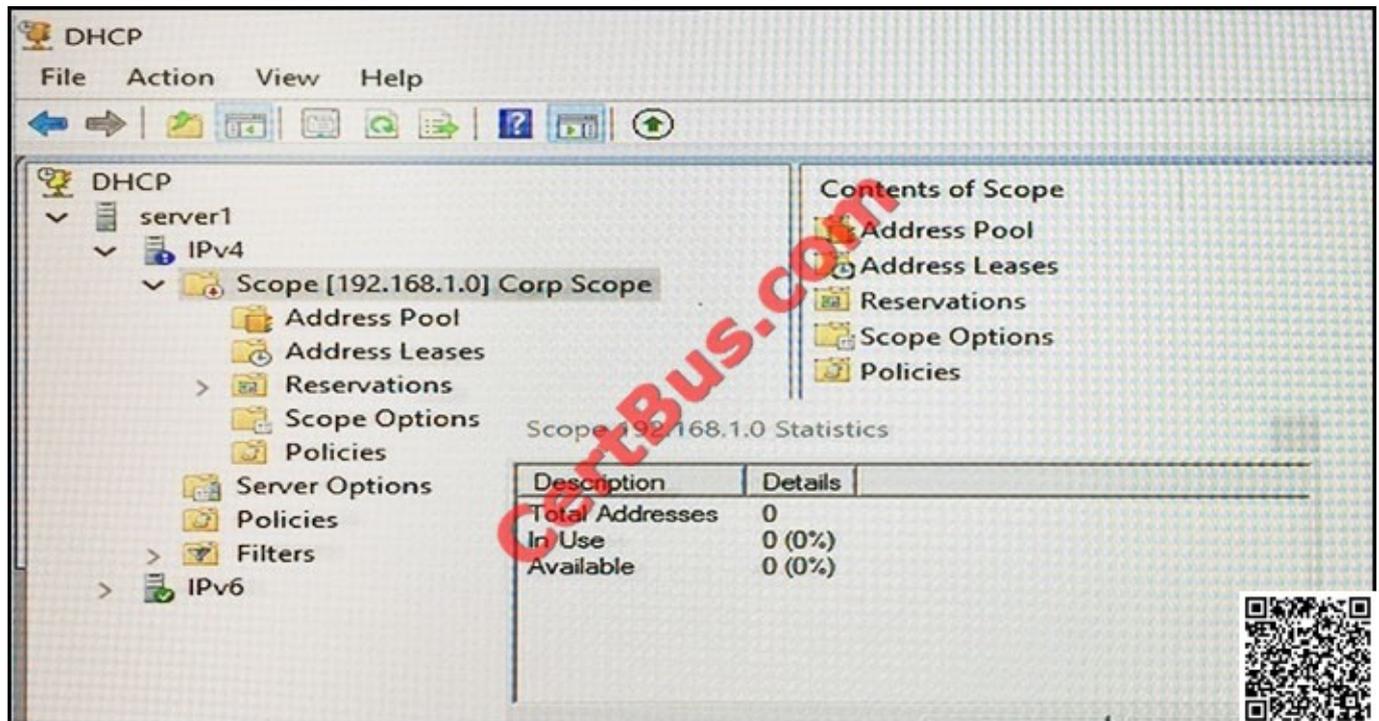
You need to ensure that all of the Windows 10 computers can receive a DHCP lease.

Solution: You increase the scope size.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 30

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is

exactly the same in each question in this series.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The functional level of the domain is Windows Server 2012.

The network uses an address space of 192.168.0.0/16 and contains multiple subnets.

The network is not connected to the Internet.

The domain contains three servers configured as shown in the following table.

Server name	Configuration
Server1	Domain controller and DNS server
Server2	Member server
Server3	DHCP server

Client computers obtain TCP/IP settings from Server3.

You add a second network adapter to Server2. You connect the new network adapter to the Internet. You install the Routing role service on Server2.

Server1 has four DNS zones configured as shown in the following table.

DNS zone name	Type	Zone file name
Contoso.com	Active Directory-integrated	*None*
Fabrikam.com	Primary	Fabrikam.com.dns
Tailspintoys.com	Primary	Tailspintoys.com.dns
168.192.in-addr.arpa	Primary	168.192.in-addr.arpa.

You need to ensure that when a record is added dynamically to fabrikam.com, only the computer that created the record can modify the record. The solution must allow administrators to modify all of the records in fabrikam.com.

What should you do?

A. Change fabrikam.com to an Active Directory-integrated zone.

B. Raise the functional level of the domain.

C. Modify the security settings of the Fabrikam.com.dns file.

D. Modify the Start of Authority (SOA) settings of fabrikam.com

Correct Answer: A

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