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QUESTION 1

SIMULATION

There were two systems: system1, main system on which most of the configuration take place system2, some configuration here

Configure smb access. Share the /sambadir directory via SMB on serverX Your SMB server must be a member of the TESTGROUP workgroup The share name must be data The data share must be available to example.com domain clients only The data share must be browseable susan must have read access to the share, authenticating with the same password "password", if necessary Configure the serverX to share /opstack with SMB share name must be cluster The user frankenstein has readable, writeable, accessible to the /opstack SMB share Both users should have the SMB passwd "SaniTago"

A. explanation

Correct Answer: A

```
yum install samba samba-client

systemctl start smb nmb
systemctl enable smb nmb

firewall-cmd --permanent --add-service=samba
firewall-cmd --reload

mkdir -p /sambadir
semanage fcontext -a -t samba_share_t
"/sambadir(/.*)?"
restorecon -Rv /sambadir

setfacl -m u:susan:r-X /sambadir
vim /etc/samba/smb.conf
workgroup = TESTGROUP
[data]
comment = data share
path = /sambadir
browseable = yes
valid users = susan
read only = yes
hosts allow = 172.25.1. #(ifconfig and get
your ip and only use the 3 octets)
grep -i "susan" /etc/passwd
(It it return nothing to create a user
first)

useradd -s /sbin/nologin susan
smbpasswd -a susan

mkdir -p /opstack
semanage fcontext -a -t samba_share_t
"/opstack(/.*)?"
restorecon -Rv /opstack
vim /etc/samba/smb.conf
[cluster]
comment = opstack share
path = /opstack
write list = frankenstein
writable = no
useradd -s /sbin/nologin frankenstein
useradd -s /sbin/nologin martin
smbpassword -a Frankenstein
smbpassword -a martin
#Allow Frankenstein write access & Martin read access to the directory
[indent=1]1) setfacl -m u:frankenstein:rwX /opstack/[//indent]
[indent=1]2) setfacl -m u:frankenstein:r-X /opstack/
```

[/indent]

QUESTION 2

SIMULATION

Configure the samba server, share /common, which can be browsed. The user harry can only read it. If it is needed, the password for harry is harryuser.

A. explanation

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

SIMULATION

There were two systems:

system1, main system on which most of the configuration take place

system2, some configuration here

Smb multiuser mount

Mount the samba share /opstack permanently beneath /mnt/smbspace on desktopX as a multiuser mount.

The samba share should be mounted with the credentials of frankenstein.

A. explanation

Correct Answer: A

```
yum -y install cifs-utils samba-client
mkdir -p /mnt/smbspace
vim /root/smb-multiuser.txt
username=frankenstein
password=SaniTago
chmod 0600 /root/multiuser.txt
vim /etc/fstab
//server1/cluster /mnt/smbspace cifs defaults,sec =ntlmssp,
credentials=/root/smb-multiuser.txt,multiuser 0 0
```

QUESTION 4

```
# mkdir -p /www/virtual
# cd /www/virtual
# wget http://ip/dir/example.com
# cp example.com index.html
# se manage fcontext -a -t httpd_sys_content_t '/www (/.*)?'
  restorecon -vRF /www
# vim /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf      (Add new VirtualHost)
  <VirtualHost 172.24.30.5:80>
  DocumentRoot /www/virtual/
  ServerName www.domain30.example.com
  </VirtualHost>
# chcon -R --reference=/var/www/html/ /www/
# service httpd restart
```

Use elinks to test.

OR

```
# mkdir -p /www/virtual
# cd /www/virtual
# wget http://ip/dir/example.html
# mv example.html index.html
# chcon -R --reference=/var/www/html/ /www/
# ls -ldZ /www/virtual
# vim /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
  NameVirtualHost *:80
  <VirtualHost *:80>

DocumentRoot /var/www/html/
ServerName station.domain30.example.com
</VirtualHost>
<VirtualHost *:80>
DocumentRoot /www/virtual/
ServerName www.domain30.example.com
</VirtualHost>
# service httpd restart
```

SIMULATION

Download file from <http://ip/dir/restricted.html>, and the local user harry can access it by <http://station.domain30.example.com/restricted.html>, and cannot be accessed by t3gg.com.

A. explanation

Correct Answer: A

```
# cd /var/www/html
# wget http://ip/dir/restricted.htm
# iptables -A INPUT -s 172.25.0.0/16 -p tcp -dport 80 -j REJECT
# service iptables save
```

OR

```
# yum install httpd
# service httpd restart
# chkconfig httpd on
# cd /var/www/html
# wget http://ip/dir/restricted.html
# iptables -A INPUT 172.25.0.0/16 -p tcp --dport 80 -j REJECT
# service iptables save
# service iptables restart
# elinks http://station.domain30.example.com/restricted.html
```

QUESTION 5

```
[root@server1 common]# cd /var/www/html/
[root@server1 html]# lftp instructor.example.com
lftp instructor.example.com:~> cd pub/rhce
cd ok, cwd=/pub/rhce
lftp instructor.example.com:/pub/rhce> get server.html
20 bytes transferred
[root@server1 html]# mv server.html index.html
[root@server1 html]# restorecon -Rv /var/www/html/
[root@server1 html]# /etc/init.d/httpd restart
Stopping httpd: [ OK ]
Starting httpd: [ OK ]
[root@server1 html]# chkconfig httpd on
```

SIMULATION

Expand your web service including a virtual hosting, the address is <http://wwwX.example.com>, X is the number of your exam machine. However, requiring you do as the following: -- Set up the DocumentRoot of this virtual hosting as `/var/http/virtual` -- Download `ftp //instructor.example.com/pub/rhce/www.html` -- Rename `www.html` file document as `index.html` -- Move this file document to this virtual hosting's DocumentRoot -- Don't do any changes to this document -- Making sure that harry users are able to create project in `/var/http/virtual` Attention: Original web address is `http://serverX.example.com` must also can be browsed. The DNS of the Server `instructor.example.com` has already been analyzed as the domain `wwwX.example.com`.

A. explanation

Correct Answer: A

```
[root@server html]# mkdir -p /var/http/virtual
[root@server html]# cd /var/http/virtual/
[root@server virtual]# lftp instructor.example.com
lftp instructor.example.com: ~> cd pub/rhce
lftp instructor.example.com:/pub/rhce> get www.html
17 bytes transferred
lftp instructor.example.com:/pub/rhce> quit
[root@server virtual]# mv www.html index.html
[root@server virtual]# useradd harry
[root@server virtual]# chgrp harry.
[root@server virtual]# chmod 775.
```

Edit /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf, add the follow content:

```
NameVirtualHost *:80
<VirtualHost *:80>
DocumentRoot /var/http/virtual
ServerName www1.example.com
<Directory /var/http/virtual/limited>
Options Indexes MultiViews FollowSymlinks
order deny, allow
deny from all
allow from 192.168.0.
</Directory>
</VirtualHost>
<VirtualHost *:80>
DocumentRoot /var/www/html/
Servername server1.example.com
```

Notice: The priority level order of deny, allow is deployed: The back is higher than in front of the priority. It means allow -> deny

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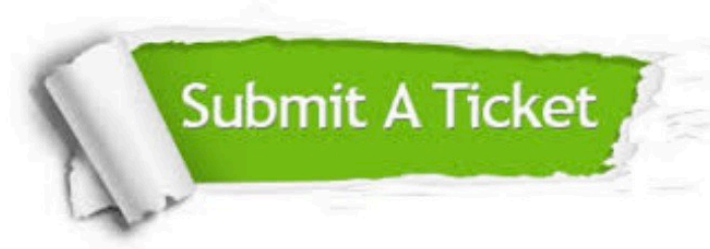
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